- 1. What is pollution?
- 2. What causes air pollution?
- 3. What is "acid rain?"
- 4. How can one country's industrialization influence the environmental problems of another country?
- 5. What are "chlorofluorocarbons?"
- 6. What causes the "Greenhouse Effect?" What are the main causes of this?
- 7. What factors cause changes associated with global warming?
- 8. Where are the Tropical Rain Forests?
- 9. Why are the Rain Forests being destroyed?
- 10. What can we do to help the Rain Forests survive?
- 11. What are the long-term effects the world will experience if the Rain Forests are not saved?
- 12. What are some of the sources of water pollution?
- 13. How are nuclear power plants harmful to the environment if there are no accidents?
- 14. What is an endangered species?
- 15. What animals are on the endangered species?

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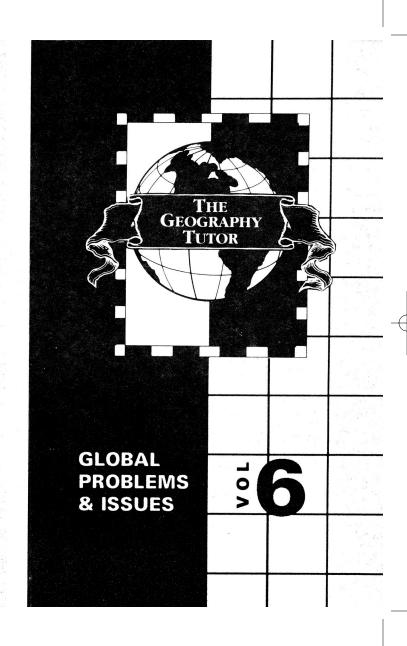
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"WHO, WHAT, WHERE IN THE WORLD?" GLOBAL PROBLEMS AND ISSUES

Air Pollution - Pollution of the air by emissions from Motor Vehicles, Factories, Incinerators, Forest Fires, Etc. Acid Rain - Rain that has been contaminated with pollutants; Can cause damage to vegetation, building materials and to humans.

Carbon Monoxide - A colorless and odorless gas that is released when fossil fuels are burned.

Chlorofluorocarbons - A group of chemicals used primarily in aerosol spray cans and refrigerators; They help to destroy the Ozone Layer.

DDT - An extremely dangerous pesticide once used all over the world; It is now banned in many countries, including the United States.

Deforestation - The destruction of the world's forests.

Desertification - The extension of typical desert landscapes; These changes take place in arid regions bordering deserts.

Drought - A lengthy period during which there is no significant rainfall.

Endangered (Animals) - When a species is facing extinction because their habitat is being destroyed or the animals themselves are being killed.

Erosion - The processes that wear away land and soil.

Fossil Fuels - These include Coal, Oil, and Natural Gas. Global Warming - A situation in which the Earth's Temperature rises; Could cause ice caps to melt and therefore cause a rise in the ocean levels.

Greenhouse Effect - The term used to describe how short wave radiation easily passes through the atmosphere but outgoing radiation is absorbed and reradiated back to the Earth's surface.

Habitat -The natural environment of a plant or animal.

Natural Resources - Resources that occur naturally in the environment such as Water, Air, Soil, Vegetation, Minerals, Animals, Etc.

Nonrenewable Resources - Resources that, once used, cannot be replaced (EX: Fossil Fuels).

Ozone Layer - A region in the stratosphere that contains ozone which absorbs the sun's ultraviolet radiation; Ultraviolet radiation, in large amounts, could destroy all life on Earth.

Pollution - The introduction of harmful materials into our environment.

Reforestation - The replanting of trees in an area which has been stripped of forests by natural causes or by man.

Renewable Resources - Resources that can be replenished such as trees, animals, etc.

Sahel - A region that is a 200 - 700 mile-wide strip of land that stretches across Africa just below the Sahara; Parts of this region is being taken over by the Sahara. Scarce (Resources) - Resources that are in short supply.

Slash and Burn Agriculture - Method used to create new farmland by cutting and burning the forests to release nutrients into the soil; One of the causes of the destruction of the world's rain forests.

Thermal Pollution - Water Pollution that is caused when the temperature of the water is increased significantly because of industries and power plants.

Water Pollution - The introduction of harmful pollutants which make water unsafe for drinking, bathing and swimming.

S m TEACHING E SUGGESTED 1 Œ S

- 1. List some of the major causes of air pollution.
- 2. List ways in which air pollution adversely affects people and other living things.
- 3. Discuss ways in which gases pollute the environment.
- 4. Give the reasons for the drastic reduction in the production of "CFC's."
- 5. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the "Greenhouse Effect."
- List the problems associated with global warming and its effect on the world.
- 7. Explain why the Rain Forests are as important to the environment as they are.
- Discuss why we need to educate people in ways to alter their agricultural techniques in order to save the earth.
- 9. List the major causes of water pollution.
- 10. Compare renewable and non-renewable resources.
- Devise a plan for the nations of the world to work together to help conserve and recycle the resources of the world.