SUGGESTED TEACHING STRATEGIES

- 1. Make a list of things that would be different if there was no Internet.
- 2. Discuss ways the Internet can be helpful to humanity in areas not related to entertainment.
- 3. Examine how the Internet can help unite the world of education and entertainment.
- 4. With the technology available today, discuss the impact of the Internet and what its role will be in the future, and it's use to society in general.
- 5. Explore how the Internet can help certain people, such as those with certain disabilities, function and succeed in life.
- 6. Compare and contrast the use of the Internet versus the use of a traditional library, as it pertains to accessing information.
- 7. Research the history of the Internet. Who created it? How did it evolve?

• • • • CONCEPTS AND TERMS • • • • TO LISTEN AND WATCH FOR:

BANDWITH KEYWORD "BIT" **KILOBIT BOOKMARK MEGABIT MODEM BROWSER**

DATA TRANSFER RATE NETSCAPE NAVIGATOR

DOMAIN NAME PROTOCOL SEARCH ENGINE DOWNLOAD

DSL **SERVER**

"SURFING" THE INTERNET **EMAIL**

FAQ SYNTAX FTP TCP/IP HTML **UPLOAD** URL

HYPERLINK

INTERNET EXPLORER WEB PAGE ISP

WORD WIDE WEB

QUESTIONS FOR THOUGHT, DISCUSSION, AND FURTHER STUDY

- 1. What does the Internet do?
- 2. How do you access the Internet?
- 3. How do computers talk to each other on the Internet?
- 4. What is a server?
- 5. True or False. Is the World Wide Web part of the Internet?
- 6. What is a domain name? Do you need a domain name for a web site?
- 7. What is a download? Do you need a printer to download?
- 8. What is a hyperlink? What does a hyperlink do?
- 9. Define these domain name suffixes: com, org, net, gov.mil,.edu. Can you name any other suffixes?
- 10. How do you find information on the Internet?
- 11. What does "DSL" mean?
- 12. What is E-mail?
- 13. Can the internet be a dangerous place to visit?
- 14. What is a "chat room?"
- 15. What does "FAQ" stand for?

• • CAREER OPPORTUNITIES • • •

Many careers in the modern world involve the use of the Internet. Discuss & list as many career opportunities as you can related to the Internet.

GLOSSARY

- BANDWIDTH The range of frequencies that can be transmitted over a given channel.
- 2. BIT The smallest measurement of computer information. "Bit" is an acronym for the words, "Binary Digit."
- 3. BYTE A "Byte" is comprised of 8 "bits."
- BOOKMARK The way to find a web page (previously visited) in the future.
- BROWSER Special software program that interprets and transforms HTML documents.
- 6. DOMAIN NAME A specific name used to represent the main Internet address of a web site.
- 7. DOWNLOAD The act of copying a computer file from one computer to one's own computer.
- DTR Data Transfer Rate.
- DSL- Digital Subscriber Line.
- 10. E-MAIL An electronic message that can be typed into a computer and then sent to another computer.
- 11. FAQ Frequently Asked Questions.
- 12. FTP File Transfer Protocol.
- 13. HTML Stands for Hypertext Markup Language. It is used to create a web page.
- 14. HYPERLINK An element of a web page that links to another place on that web page, or to an entirely different web page.
- 15. HYPERMEDIA A picture or video that links to another web page.
- 16. HYPERTEXT A letter, word or sentence that links to another web page.
- 17. ISP Internet Service Provider.
- 18. KEYWORD A word that specifically relates to a topic to be searched.

- 19. KILOBIT A kilobit is comprised of a little more than one thousand bits.
- 20. MEGABIT A megabit is comprised of a little more than one million bits.
- 21. MODEM A device that allows a computer to send signals over a regular telephone line.
- 22. PROTOCOL A type of language that all computers understand; which allows all computers to understand each other.
- 23. SEARCH ENGINE A program that assists in finding specific information on the internet.
- SERVER A special type of computer that supplies information for other computers.
- 25. SYNTAX The rules governing computer programming and giving the computer commands.
- 26. TCP/IP A universally accepted protocol; which stands for Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.
- 27. WEB PAGE An electronic document that contains information, which can be viewed on the World Wide Web.
- 28. WORLD WIDE WEB A system that organizes information on the internet in a way that makes it easy to find and use.
- 29. UPLOAD The process of transferring files from one's own computer to another computer.
- URL Stands for Uniform Resource Locator, and is the specific address of an individual web page.

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TEACHER'S GUIDE

K648

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